به نام خدا

امتحان نوبت اول **زبان انگلیسی (۳)**	وزارت آموزش و پرورش اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان شمالی اداره آموزش و پرورش بجنورد کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی متوسطه **دبیرستان نمونه دولتی شهید بهشتی بجنورد**	تاریخ امتحان: **۱۴۰۴/ ۱۰/۰۸**
پایه: **دوازدهم** دوره دوم متوسطه		ساعت امتحان: **۹ صبح**
نام و نام خانوادگی:		مدت پاسخگویی: **۹۰ دقیقه**
رشته و کلاس:		تعداد صفحات سؤال: **۵**

ردیف	همه پاسخ های خود را در پاسخ برگ بنویسید.	نمره

Listening (7 points)

A — **۲**

بخش اول: با دقت به مکالمه گوش دهید و بر اساس آن مشخص کنید کدام جمله True و کدام یک False است.

1. Mina likes all types of sports. **A) True** **B) False**
2. Roya is going to the gym alone on Friday. **A) True** **B) False**
3. Chess is a less active sport. **A) True** **B) False**
4. Mina won't go to the gym with Roya on Friday. **A) True** **B) False**

B — **۲**

بخش دوم: با دقت به مکالمه گوش دهید و بر اساس آن گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.

5. How long has Sara been in the Children's Medical Center?
   A) one year **B) one month** **C) one week**
6. Dr. Gharib was born in Tehran in …… .
   A) 1316 **B) 1288** **C) 2018**
7. What did Dr. Gharib do in 1347?
   A) received his diploma **B) went abroad** **C) founded a medical center**
8. Dr. Gharib was a ... man who helped poor families.
   A) generous **B) cruel** **C) religious**

C — **۳**

بخش سوم: دانش آموزان عزیز، به متن زیر با دقت گوش دهید و جاهای خالی را با کلمات مناسب پر کنید.

Hello students. Today, we will talk about improving your vocabulary skills in English. Expanding your vocabulary is **(9)** ..... for better communication and understanding. Let's discuss some useful ways to **(10)** ..... that. Firstly, reading is a fantastic way to improve your vocabulary. By reading books, newspapers, or even online articles, you will see many words in different contexts. When you see **(11)** ..... words, use a dictionary to look up their meanings. This will help you understand the text better and remember the new words for future use. So, remember to carry a pocket dictionary with you, whenever you read something in English. Secondly, another **(12)** ..... method to improve your vocabulary is by watching English movies, TV shows, or videos with subtitles. This way, you can both listen to the **(13)** ..... language and read the English text. When you see new words, write them down and look them up later. Gradually, you'll start **(14)** ..... and using these words in your own conversations.

Vocabulary (8 points)

D — **۲**

با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، مشخص کنید کدام جمله مربوط به کدام تصویر است. (یک جمله اضافی است.)



15. (.....)



16. (.....)



17. (.....)



18. (.....)

A. A bilingual dictionary translates words from one language into another.
B. You have to speak louder because his grandparent is hard of hearing.
C. The old mother brought a diary and asked her young son to read it.
D. You can install a dictionary app on your cell phone.
E. Mehran couldn't figure out what Mrs. Amini was talking about.

www.kanoon-ir

به نام خدا

امتحان نوبت اول **زبان انگلیسی (۳)**	وزارت آموزش و پرورش اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان شمالی اداره آموزش و پرورش بجنورد کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی متوسطه **دبیرستان نمونه دولتی شهید بهشتی بجنورد**	تاریخ امتحان: **۱۴۰۴/ ۱۰/۰۸**
پایه: **دوازدهم** دوره دوم متوسطه		ساعت امتحان: **۹ صبح**
نام و نام خانوادگی:		مدت پاسخگویی: **۹۰ دقیقه**
رشته و کلاس:		تعداد صفحات سؤال: **۵**

ردیف	همه پاسخ های خود را در پاسخ برگ بنویسید.	نمره

E — **با استفاده از کلمه های داده شده، جمله های زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است.)** — **۲**

recommend consider combination abroad stands for

19. By the ..... of yellow and blue, we will have green.
20. It's a fact that some students don't know what DVD ..... .
21. Can you ..... doing something on the weekend?.
22. He went ..... to study medicine and then came back to his homeland.

F — **برای هر کلمه مشخص شده در هر جمله یک تعریف از ستونِ مقابل انتخاب کنید. (یک تعریف اضافی است.)** — **۲**

23. I circled the dictionary **entry** for the word 'ant'.	**A)** to be worthy
24 He will never **forgive** his friends for what they have done**.**	**B)** a word or a phrase listed in alphabetical order in a dictionary
25. The teacher **arranged** the children in a line according to their height.	**C)** to be grateful for
	D) to stop being angry with somebody
26. Our parents **deserve** to be respected.	**E)** to organize and put in order

G — **جاهای خالی را با دانش واژگانی خود کامل کنید. هر خط تیره نماینده یک حرف است. (اولین حرف هر کلمه داده شده است.)** — **۲**

27. When my sister saw the film, she **b _ _ _ _ into tears**.
28. Just saying sth doesn't mean much. You know that 'Actions **s _ _ _ _** louder than words'.
29. Some animals like dogs have a very good **s _ _ _ _** of smell. .
30. The two words at the top of each page of a dictionary are called **g _ _ _ _** words.

Grammar (8 points)

H — **گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.** — **۲.۵**

31. Rudaki, ... lived in the 4th century, is a famous Persian poet.
A) what B) who C) whom D) which
32. You should respect your parents ..... for you for every little thing.
A) that care B) who cares C) who they care D) whom they care
33. A dictionary is a reference book ..... gives the users information about words.
A) whom it B) which it C) who D) that
34. His sister has a beautiful dress, but she rarely wears it, ...?
A) hasn't she B) doesn't she C) does he D) does she
35. The first Persian textbook on children's diseases ..... by Dr. Gharib.
A) were written B) has written C) was written D) have been written

I — **شکل درست فعل داخل پرانتز را در جای خالی بنویسید.** — **۲**

36. Her uncle ..... the pigeons in the park every day, doesn't he? **(to feed)**
37. He ..... as a famous university professor in our country since 2015. **(to regard)**
38. Your money ..... on the train last night, wasn't it? **(to steal)**
39. The students ..... about the results yesterday. **(not to inform)**

www.kamfar.ir

به نام خدا

امتحان نوبت اول **زبان انگلیسی (۳)**	وزارت آموزش و پرورش اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان شمالی اداره آموزش و پرورش بجنورد کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی متوسطه **دبیرستان نمونه دولتی شهید بهشتی بجنورد**	تاریخ امتحان: **۱۴۰۴/ ۱۰/۰۸**
پایه: **دوازدهم** دوره دوم متوسطه		ساعت امتحان: **۹ صبح**
نام و نام خانوادگی:		مدت پاسخگویی: **۹۰ دقیقه**
رشته و کلاس:		تعداد صفحات سؤال: **۵**

ردیف	همه پاسخ های خود را در پاسخ برگ بنویسید.	نمره
J	**با کلمه های در هم ریخته، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید.** 40. distinguished / this medical center / physician / founded / the man / was / who / a / . /	۱.۵
K	**با استفاده از فعل های داده شده و ضمایر موصولی which, whom, who جمله های زیر را کامل نمایید.** 41. **A:** Which man is her English teacher? **B:** The man ..... is her English teacher. **(to wear glasses)** 42. **A:** Which dictionary was used by young poets? **B:** The dictionary ..... by Asadi Tusi was used by young poets. **(to compile)**	۲
	Reading Comprehension (10 points)	
L	**جمله های هربخش را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم آن، گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.** 43. "Hafez was born sometime between the years 1310 and 1337 A.D. in Shiraz. He is mostly remembered for a special type of poetry that is called Ghazal. Emotions and ethics are used in Ghazals a lot." *We can understand from these sentences, Hafez* ..... . **A) learned all his poems by heart** **B) remembered a special type of poetry** **C) was born about 1300 years after the birth of the Christ** **D) used emotions and ethics in his Ghazals a lot** 44. Sharks are not all the same. In fact, there are nearly 400 different kinds. Most sharks never attack people. Only a special group of sharks can be dangerous. They kill an average of forty people every year. Let's compare sharks with snakes. Snakes kill about 60,000 people every year. And let's not forget that people kill 25,000,000 sharks every year. ***We can understand from the above paragraph that*** ..... . **A) snakes are more dangerous than sharks.** **B) all groups of sharks are dangerous.** **C) sharks are more dangerous than snakes.** **D) most dangerous snakes never attack people.** 45. "The size of the smallest dictionary in the world is about 27×18 mm which needs to be read with a magnifying glass." ***We can understand that ..... .*** **A) some dictionaries can be magnified to the size of the world.** **B) the size of all small dictionaries in the world is about 27×18 mm.** **C) a magnifying glass with 27×18 mm size can only help us to read dictionaries.** **D) without a magnifying glass, the smallest dictionary in the world cannot be read.** 46. "When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning." ***This means that ..... .*** **A) each word has only meaning when using a dictionary.** **B) there are different meanings for a word in a dictionary, so be careful.** **C) choosing the right dictionary is not very complicated.** **D) finding out how to say something in another language is not right.**	۲

www.ranoon.ir

به نام خدا

امتحان نوبت اول **زبان انگلیسی (۳)**	وزارت آموزش و پرورش اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان شمالی اداره آموزش و پرورش بجنورد کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی متوسطه **دبیرستان نمونه دولتی شهید بهشتی بجنورد**	تاریخ امتحان: **۱۴۰۴/ ۱۰/۰۸**
پایه: **دوازدهم** دوره دوم متوسطه		ساعت امتحان: **۹ صبح**
نام و نام خانوادگی:		مدت پاسخگویی: **۹۰ دقیقه**
رشته و کلاس:		تعداد صفحات سؤال: **۵**

ردیف	همه پاسخ های خود را در پاسخ برگ بنویسید.	نمره

M

متن زیر را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم آن، به پرسش های هر بخش پاسخ دهید.

A collocation is two or more words that often go together. These combinations sound natural to native speakers, but students of English have to learn them with exercise because they are often difficult to guess. The unnatural combinations are wrong for native speakers of English. As an example, the adjective '*fast*' collocates with '*cars*' but not with '*look*.' Learning collocations is the most important part of learning the vocabulary of a language. Some collocations seem fixed or very strong. In '*take a photo*,' no word other than '*take*' collocates with the photo to give the same meaning. The other example is '*make an effort*' and not '*do an effort*.'

Some collocations are more open because several words may go together to give a similar meaning, for example, '*keep to or stick to the rules*.' Sometimes, a pair of words may not be wrong, and people will understand it, but it may not be the natural collocation. If someone says '*I did a few mistakes*', a fluent speaker of English may understand, but it would probably say, '*I made a few mistakes.*'

True / False

47. A word that is often used naturally is called a collocation. **A) True B) False**
48. Learning collocations is important to develop your vocabulary. **A) True B) False**

Choose the best answer.

49. Which of the following is **NOT** true about collocations?
A) Learning them is very important. **B) They can be learned by practice.**
C) They are natural to native speakers. **D) Guessing them is always hard for all.**
50. According to the passage, which of the following is a natural collocation?
A) *'I did a few mistakes.'* **B) *'I did an effort.'*** **C) *'fast cars'*** **D) *'fast look'***

Answer the following questions.

51. What is a collocation?
52. Why are some collocations called more open?

۴

N

متن زیر را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم آن، به پرسش های هر بخش پاسخ دهید.

A dictionary is a book that explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word '*dictionary*' comes from the Latin '*dictio*' ('saying').

There are several kinds of dictionaries: monolingual dictionaries that explain words and how they are used; bilingual dictionaries that translate words from one language to another; dictionaries of biography that tell about famous people; and technical dictionaries that explain the meanings of technical words.

Dictionaries that explain what words mean give a clear 'definition' of **them**. A good dictionary also gives more information about words. For instance, it explains how they are pronounced. Usually the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is used for this purpose. A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like 'pajamas', 'bazaar' and 'paradise' entered English from Persian.

True / False

53. Monolingual dictionaries explain words and how they are used. **A) True B) False**
54. The word 'paradise' originally comes from English. **A) True B) False**

بقیه سؤالات درک مطلب در صفحه ۵ (از سؤال ۵۵ تا ۵۸)

به نام خدا

امتحان نوبت اول **زبان انگلیسی (۳)**	وزارت آموزش و پرورش اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان شمالی اداره آموزش و پرورش بجنورد کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی متوسطه **دبیرستان نمونه دولتی شهید بهشتی بجنورد**	تاریخ امتحان: **۱۴۰۴/۱۰/۰۸**
پایه: **دوازدهم** دوره دوم متوسطه		ساعت امتحان: **۹ صبح**
نام و نام خانوادگی:		مدت پاسخگویی: **۹۰ دقیقه**
رشته و کلاس:		تعداد صفحات سؤال: **۵**

ردیف	همه پاسخ های خود را در پاسخ برگ بنویسید.	نمره

با توجه به متن دوم صفحه ۴ پاسخ داده شود. **Choose the best answer.**

55. What do dictionaries of biography do?
A) They explain the meanings of technical words.
B) They use the International Phonetic Alphabet.
C) They tell the users about famous people.
D) They tell us about the origin of the words.

56. What does '**them**' in the first line of paragraph 3 refer to?
A) kinds **B) words** **C) dictionaries** **D) spellings**

با توجه به متن دوم صفحه ۴ پاسخ داده شود. **Answer the following questions.**

57. Why can we find words in a dictionary easily?
58. What is the origin of the word '*dictionary*'?

Writing (7 points)

O — **۱**

گزینه درست را انتخاب کنید.

59. Our English class is really enjoyable, ...
A) or our teacher is very kind **B) and it is sometimes boring**
C) so some students hate it **D) but we have a lot of homework**

60. My father doesn't like fast food, ...
A) and he has a quick meal at a restaurant **B) or he eats sea foods**
C) so he doesn't eat any fast food **D) but he hates fast food**

P — **۲**

از بین کلمات ربط داخل پرانتز، کلمه مناسب را انتخاب نمایید و با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، جملا ت را کامل کنید.

61. You can install a mobile dictionary, **(so /or)** ..... .



62. Every day, my grandfather sits on the sofa, **(and / but)** .....
..... .

Q — **۲**

جمله های زیر را با کلمه های ربط but / or / and / so کامل کنید.

63. It is raining heavily, ... you must take an umbrella.
64. My brother saw his friend at school, ... they didn't talk with each other.
65. You can pay now, …… when I finish your painting.
66. His sister has many books, ... she reads them a lot.

R — **۲**

در هر گروه، با کلمه های در هم ریخته، یک جمله معنادار بنویسید.

67. the teacher / a question / but / asked / , / us / couldn't reply / we / . /

68. attend / he / in hospital / was / , / so / didn't / Sina / the class / . /

با آرزوی موفقیت برای شما – دکتر نیرومی زاده