نام :..... نام خانوادگی:---------- نام پدر :---------- شماره دانش آموزی:----------	بسمه تعالی اداره کل آموزش و پروش استان فارس **کارشناسی سنجش و ارزشیابی تحصیلی** **اداره آموزش و پرورش مرودشت** (مهر اموزشگاه)	نوبت امتحانی : نوبت اول پایه و شعبه : دوازدهم تاریخ امتحان : 1402/10/04 مدت امتحان : 90 دقیقه ساعت : 14:30

ردیف		بارم
	نام دبیر: هایده کاظمی نمره به عدد : تاریخ و امضا : نمره به حروف:	
	نام دبیر: هایده کاظمی نمره به عدد : تاریخ و امضا : نمره به حروف:	
1	با توجه به تصاویر داده شده، جملات زیر را بخوانید و جمله مناسب برای هر تصویر را انتخاب کنید. (یک جمله اضافی است)     a b c d 1. We should take care of our elders. 2. Teenagers who help others are more successful in life 3. Dad shouted at me when I didn't do my homework. 4. Dictionary entries offer some information and explanations about the words 5. You should avoid foods that contain a lot fat.	2
2	جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید (یک کلمه اضافی است). Suppose- stand for-combination-boosts 6. The building is a . …….. of new and old styles 7. Kindness …….. energy and strength in elderly people. 8. IT……..Information Technology.	1/5
3	مترادف اصطلاحات ستون A را با ستون B مطابقت دهید. در ستون B یک مورد اضافه است. A B 9. in a way that is successful and achieves what you want a. in a quiet way 10. calmly b. to suddenly decide to do something 11. jump into c. a product 12. an arrangement in a particular order d. effectively e. combination	2

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1/5	جملات زیر را با کلمه ای مناسب از دانش خود کامل کنید. 13. I have recorded my thoughts and feelings on my d…. 14. When she heard about the accident, she b…… into tears. 15. My grandmother can't hear well; actually, she is h…….	4
2	پاسخ صحیح را از بین گزینه های داده شده انتخاب کنید. 16. The soccer match …… in our school last week. a. held b. is holding c. was held d. is held 17. Her sister arranged the book in the library, ……..? a. did she b. did her sister c. didn't she d. didn't her sister 18. I'll go out tonight , …….. I'll cook dinner. a. so b. but c. or d. and 19. Persian ---------- in Iran, Tajikstan and Afghanistan. a. speaks b. is speaking c. is spoken d. was spoken	5
1	در هر جمله یک اشتباه گرامری وجود دارد شکل صحیح آن را بنویسید. 20. The window was broke yesterday. 21. The boys were painting the wall, weren't he?	6
2	جملات زیر را مجهول کنید. 22. Scientists find the solutions to problems. …….. 23. The police found the robber last night. …….	7
2	متن زیر را با کلمات ربط (or, and, but, so) کامل کنید. 24. There are many people in my village. They work very hard. …… 25. Ali studied a lot. He couldn't pass the exam. …….	8
2	با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله بسازید. 26.Sara / the class / attend / in hospital / she / cannot / so / is. …… 27.never/he/ a word/ does/ he/says/ ? ……?	9

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4	متن زیررا بخوانید و به سوالات داده شده هر قسمت پاسخ دهید. A dictionary is a very important tool for anyone who is learning a new language. With a good <u>one</u> you can do the following; you can <u>look up</u> the meaning of a word. To find a word quickly, you need to know the alphabet perfectly. For words with more than one meaning you should choose one makes more sense in the context; checking the spelling and pronunciation are other facilities that a dictionary offers. Also to check the plural of a noun, part of speech, or past tense of a verb, a dictionary is helpful. A dictionary provides readers with synonym or antonym, collocations, and grammatical information about a word too. 28." <u>one</u>" in line "2" refers to a..... . a. language b. tool c. meaning d. dictionary 29. Which one is closest meaning to "look <u>up</u> "in line "2 "? a. listen b. search for c. write d. figure out 30. Dictionary offers only one meaning for a word. T ( ) F ( ) 31. An important tool for learning a language is a dictionary. T ( ) F ( )	10
4	متن زیررا بخوانید و به سوالات داده شده هر قسمت پاسخ دهید. Professor Mahmood Hesabi was born in Tehran. When he was seven, his family moved from Iran to Lebanon. At 17, he got his diploma in Beirut. Later, he received his B.A in civil engineering while working as a draftsman. He graduated from engineering school of Beirut. Dr. Hesabi worked in French National Railway. He continued his research in physics at Sorbonne University in France, and got his Ph.D. in physics from that University at the age of 25. Professor Hesabi was a dedicated scientist who did important works for improvement of our country, Iran. He founded Tehran University and also the first modern observatory in Iran. Professor Hesabi is called the father of physics science in Iran. He was such a great man! 1. When did he and his Family leave Iran? 2. Why did Dr. Hesabi travel to France? 3. Professor Hesabi is regarded as a great scientist of _____ in Iran. 4. In line 6, the word ***<u>founded</u>*** is closest in meaning to ……. a) built b) drew c) received d) considered good luck	11

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