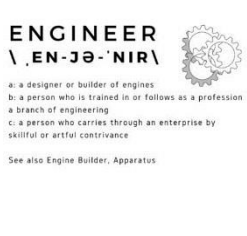
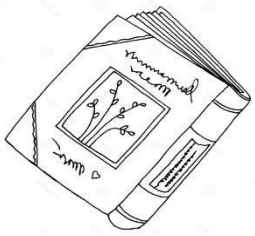
نام و نام خانوادگي :	**باسمه تعالي**	تاریخ آزمون : 1402/10/18	
کلاس : ☐ 1621 ☐ 1251	اداره کل آموزش و پرورش خراسان رضو ی	زمان پاسخگويي : 90 دقيقه	
شماره صندلی :	اداره آموزش و پرورش منطقه تبادکان	امتحان درس : **زبان انگلیسی**	
نام دبیر: **ضراب ی**	دبیرستان جماران1 دوره متوسطه دوم		
پایه و رشته : دوازدهم ریاضی/تجربی	تعداد سؤالات : 35	تعداد صفحه : 3	

ارزش هر انسان به میزان دانش و تخصص اوست حضرت علی)ع(

ردیف	توجه! فقط در پاسخ برگ جواب دهید. جواب در برگه های سوال تصحیح نمی شود	بارم
	Vocabulary	
A	**- با توجه به تصاویر، مشخص کنید کدام جمله مربوط به کدام تصویر است.)یک جمله اضافی اس ت.(**     **(1)** **(2)** **(3)** **(4)** a) A little later, the mother went to her room and came back with an old diary. b) You can buy a Digital Video Disc if you need a copy. c) We'll need to arrange the chairs around the table. d) Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word. e) He can't figure out the meaning of the word.	1
B	**- جملات را کامل کنید.) یک کلمه اضافی است (** **(jump into/deserve/increase/expand)** **(5)** Although the lesson was easy, my teacher didn't …… the next one. **(6)** Learning collocations help you ……. your vocabulary. **(7)** They ……. to be successful whether you like it or not.	0.75
C	**- جاهای خالی را با دانش واژگانی خود کامل کنید.)اولین حرف کلمات داده شده است(** **(8)** Dr. Gharib went abroad to study medicine and then came back to his h - - - - - - -. **(9)** For a high school student, the best level of dictionary is e - - - - - - - -.	0.5
	Grammar	
D	**- گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.** **(10)** when you called, I …… my homework a) just had finished b) just have finished c) have just finished d) had just finished **(11)** The first television …… in San Fransico, 1927. a) is showed b) is shown c) was showed d) was shown **(12)** The woman……. everyday used to work in the company. a) who you met b) who you meet c) whom you meet d) whom you'll meet **(13)** They'll never have to read the entire book, ……..? a) haven't they b) have they c) won't they d) will they	2

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1	- شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز را بنوسید. **(14)** The dictionary has synonyms and explanations that .....by young poets. (to use) **(15)** After The boy fell down in the pit, he …….. for help many times. (to shout)	E

1	 - با توجه به تصویر به سوال زیر پاسخ دهید. **(16)** What was done by the boy?..... - با توجه به تصویر و ضمایر موصولی (who, whom, which) کامل کنید . **(17)** The boy ……. …… ……. is my brother. **to cut down**	F
	Reading	
1	- متن هر قسمت را بخوانید و با توجه به مفهوم، گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید. Once you find an entry, you can find the exact meaning of the word, its pronunciation, part of speech, synonyms, antonyms, and probably its origin. **(18)** Which part of the dictionary is the text about? a) definition b) collocation c) word attack d) introduction --- Our parents were kids like us and now have grown old. A few years hence we will also grow older. If today we respect them, our children will carry those values and will learn to respect us as well when we grow old **(19)** Why should we respect our elders? Because, … a) they were kids like us b) they're old and incapable c) next generations can learn the same values from them d) we will be old --- To be generous, you do not have to give away large sums of money or do something really special. Generosity comes from the heart and means giving without asking for anything in return. There are many small ways you can be more generous and make a difference in other people's lives. **(20)** There is an end to the things we can do for other people T F **(21)** You have to do big things to make someone happy T F	G

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A dictionary is a book which explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word ‘dictionary’ comes from the Latin ‘dictio’ (‘saying’).

There are several types of dictionaries. Dictionaries which explain words and how they are used; dictionaries which translate words from one language to another; dictionaries of biography which tell about famous people; and technical dictionaries which explain the meanings of technical words.

ادامه صفحه بع د

Dictionaries which explain what words mean give a clear ‘definition’ of them. A good dictionary also gives more information about words. For instance, it explains how they are pronounced. Usually the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA) is used for this purpose. There are also dictionaries which translate words into other languages. Very often one volume translates both ways; for example, half of the book is from English to Persian and the other half from Persian to English.

When using a dictionary to find out how to say something in another language, one has to be careful to choose the right meaning.

A word like ‘right’ has several meanings in English, for example, ‘correct’ and ‘the opposite of left’. A word like ‘present’ may be used as an adjective, meaning ‘not absent’, as a noun, meaning ‘gift’ or as a verb, meaning ‘give’. Words with different meanings exist in other languages, too. A good dictionary lists all the meanings of words to help people find the meaning that they look for.

A complete dictionary also tells you about the origin of words and the story behind them. For example, the words like ‘pajamas’, ‘bazaar’ and ‘paradise’ entered English from Persian

1. 25

H

- **صحیح و غلط**

(22) A word starting with ‘m’ appears before a word starting with ‘p’ in a dictionary

T F

(23) Some dictionaries do not give users the meaning of words.

T F

- با توجه به متن به سوالات پاسخ دهید.

(24) Why can we find words in a dictionary easily?

(25) What is the difference between technical dictionaries and biographical ones?

(26) What is the origin of the word ‘dictionary’?

Writing

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1	جای خالی را با استفاده از (but/so/and) پرکنید . **(27)** It’s 3 a.m., ...I’m not tired at all. **(28)** My uncle was very tired, ……he didn’t go to sleep. **(29)** Jacob has an exam tomorrow, ……. he must study well tonight. **(30)** He went to a restaurant, ……...ordered food	J
3	- با استفاده از کلمات درهم ریخته زیر، یک جمله معنا دار بنویسید. **(31)** who /door / saw /the /I/ man/ lives /next /. **(32)** your /have/You/you/ homework/ done/ / haven’t /? **(33)** Reza / the class / attend / in hospital / he / cannot / so / is **(34)** studies / Mary / but / she / cannot / the exam / pass / a lot **(35)** went / my brother / to the library / at all / he / didn’t / but / study	K
12.5	**موفق باشید**	