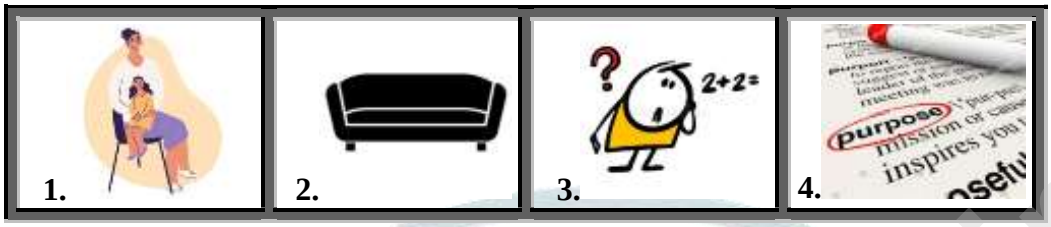
نام و نام خانوادگی: مقطع: متوسطه دوم پایه : دوازدهم تجربی	**مرکز استعدادهای درخشان شهید دکتر بهشتی لنگرود** **آزمون ترم دوم (دی ماه ۱۴۰۲)**	آزمون درس زبان انگلیسی ۳ نام دبیر: [redacted] مدت زمان پاسخگویی: ۶۰ دقیقه تاریخ آزمون: ۱۴۰۲/۱۰/۲۰

ردیف	جواب سوالات را در پاسخنامه بنویسید.	بارم
1	**Vocabulary:** **با توجه به تصاویر داده شده ، جملات زیر را بخوانید و جمله مناسب براي هر تصویر را انتخاب کنید.(یک جمله اضافی است)**  **1.** **2.** **3.** **4.** a) I circled the dictionary entry for the word ‘purpose’. b) My little sister sits on my mother’s lap all the time. c) I couldn't figure out how to solve the math problem. d) We can help people by donating what they need. e) The sofa converts into bed.	2
2	**با استفاده از کلمات داده شده، جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است)** ***Suppose honored introduction expand origin*** 5. This book has only a two-page …… . 6.Try to learn words in combination to……your vocabulary 7. A complete dictionary tells you about the……of words and the story behind them. 8. Elders feel……..when we appreciate them.	2
3	**براي هر کلمه مشخص شده از ستون Aیک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (در ستون B یک تعریف اضافی است)**	2

A	*B*
9. Students should **appreciate** their teachers for their help and kindness. 10. From the letters X and Y, we can get two **combinations**: XY and YX. 11. Speak louder. My grandmother is **hard of hearing**. 12. Future **generations** will carry our present values.	a) An arrangement in a particular order. b) All the people of about the same age within a society. c) Unable to hear very well. d) To finish something. e) be grateful for take something in, especially gradually

مرکز استعدادهای درخشان شهید دکتر بهشتی لنگرود

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4	جاهای خالی را با دانش واژگانی خود کامل کنید. حرف اول کلمات داده شده است. 13.You can carry a **p…….** dictionary wherever you go 14. I have recorded my thoughts and feelings on my **d…….** every day for 10 years. 15. Dictionaries are usually in three levels: elementary, **I ……..** and advanced. 16.The two words at the top of each page of a dictionary are called **g……..** words.	2
5	**Grammar and Writing:** **بهترین گزینه را انتخاب کنید.** **17. A: Are you writing the letter to your father?** **B: No, My brother is writing the letter ..... I will send to my father tomorrow.** a) where b) who c) which d) whom b) **18. The first fast food restaurants.....in our city thirty years ago.** a) opens b) were opening c) were opened d) can open **19. Mary never says a word when she is sad, ……?** a) isn't she b) did she c) doesn't she d) does she **20. The old man wasn't very..... and kept to himself.** a. communicate b. communication c. communicative d. to communicate	2
6	**شکل صحیح فعل داخل پرانتز را در جاي خالی بنویسید.** **21. Persian……..in Iran, Tajikistan and Afghanistan. (speak)** **22. The thief …….. by the police two days ago. (catch)** **23.some solutions to the problem……by Iranian scientists recently.(find)**	1.5
7	**با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله بنویسید.** **24. fix / the car /if / were / John/ at home/ could / he / .** **…….. .** **25. John/ he/ if / more time / had / could rest / .** **…… .** **26. famous / lives / the woman / professor / next door / is / who / a / .** **…… .**	3
8	**جملات زیر را با کلمات ربط (but, and, so, or) کامل کنید.** 27. He bought a house, found a job, ...chose a school for his children last year. 28. The glass fell down to the floor, ...it didn't break. 29. You can pay now, …….when I finish your painting. 30. These shoes are not comfortable, ... …I will not buy them.	2

3 9

Reading Comprehension:

دو متن زیر رابخوانید و به سوالات داده شده هر قسمت پاسخ دهید.

***Passage1*:**

Pablo Picasso was a distinguished artist. He was born in Spain on October 25, 1881. His father wasa painter and art teacher. **He** helped his son to improve his artistic ability. When Picasso was 10 years old, his family move to Barcelona, Spain where Picasso took an exam to attend a popular Art School. The exam was going to take one month, however it was very surprising that Picassofinished it in one day.

A few years later, he went to another school in Madrid. He was bored with the old Teachings of Art School, and he did not want to paint like people hundreds of years ago. He really wanted to create something new. He moved to Paris where he worked as an artist and created his wonderful drawings. During this time, he created his famous Blue period works. In 1907, Picasso painted a painting that is known as the first painting in the modern art movement. Artists from all over the world travelled there to see this painting.

In 1907, Picasso began to experiment with a new style of painting. He is well-known for creating the Cubism Style. One of the most interesting things about Picasso is that he was the first artist to be famous during his own lifetime. He was one of the most important artists of the 20th century. He died on April 8, 1973.

True/False: (1)

31. Picasso was a famous French artist during the 18th century. **a) True** **b) False**
32.Picasso was also very skillful in painting when he was young. **a)True** **b)False**

Choose the best answer. (1)

33. The underlined word "**He**" in the second line refers to…… .
a) Picasso b) his son c) Picasso's father d) the teacher

34. It took .....for Picasso to finish his exam to attend the Art school in Barcelona.
a) a few years b) more than a day c) only one month d) one day

Complete the following sentences. (1)

35. Artists from everywhere in the..... came to Paris to see Picasso' first paining in modern Art.

36. Picasso is famous for…… the Cubism Style.

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4.5 | ***Passage2***: | 10

A dictionary is a collection of words ranging from letters A-Z. When reading or writing a story, an essay, a paragraph or even a sentence, using a dictionary is a great help.

There are many advantages of using a dictionary. So, using a dictionary is important for students. The first advantage of using a dictionary is pronunciation. We can also listen to the pronunciation of the words if we use an audio dictionary. The second advantage of using a dictionary is checking out a word's right spelling. The third advantage of using it is learning a word's part of speech. **It** is one of the types into which words are divided in grammar according to their use, such as noun, verb, or adjective.

Lastly, example sentences are mostly **available**. Seeing specific words used in a sentence can provide more context and help you better understand proper usage. However, searching words by using a dictionary takes a lot of time. By using a talking dictionary, we are able to look the words up in a few minutes.

As a result, a dictionary is a great help for everyone, especially students who are learning a language and who are interested in language learning.

37. How can a talking dictionary help us?.....(1)

38.What is the use of example sentences?.....(1)

39.When is a dictionary a great help for us?.....(1)

Choose the best answer.(1)

40. What does the pronoun **(it)** in line 6 refer to?

a. pronunciation b. spelling c. part of speech d. example sentence

41. What is the **opposite** of the underlined word **"available"** ?

a. out of reach b. valuable c. repetitive d. accessible

True/False: (0.5)

42. Learning a word's part of speech helps us better understand proper usage of it. a)True b) False

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